ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

of

LEON COUNTY, TEXAS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019



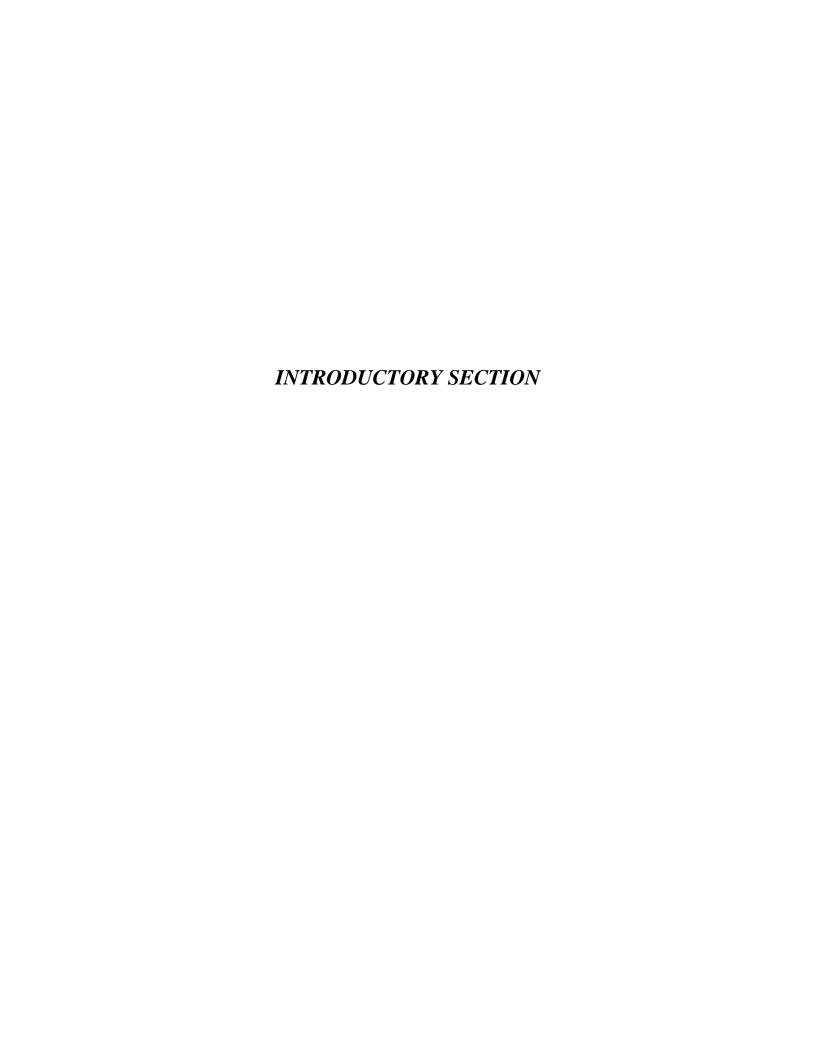
LEON COUNTY, TEXAS TABLE OF CONTENTS

September 30, 2019

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	<u>Page</u>
List of Elected and Appointed Officials Organizational Chart	1 3
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report	7
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	11
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	21 22
FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Governmental Funds Financial Statements Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	24
Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances –	27
Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	28 31
Proprietary Funds Financial Statements Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	33 35 37
Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Agency Funds	39
Notes to Financial Statements	41
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	64
Budget and Actual – Road and Bridge Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	67
Budget and Actual – Grant Fund Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Texas County and District Retirement System	69 70
Schedule of Contributions – Texas County and District Retirement System	72

LEON COUNTY, TEXAS TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued) September 30, 2019

	<u>Page</u>
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Texas County and District Retirement System	75
COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	80
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	86
Combining Balance Sheet – Road and Bridge Funds	92
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in	
Fund Balances – Road and Bridge Funds	94
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	97
Combining Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Agency Funds	122





LIST OF ELECTED AND APPOINTED OFFICIALS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

COMMISSIONERS' COURT

Byron Ryder County Judge

Joey SullivanCommissioner, Precinct # 1David FergusonCommissioner, Precinct # 2Dean StanfordCommissioner, Precinct # 3David GrimesCommissioner, Precinct # 4

DISTRICT COURTS

Deborah Oakes Evans
Hal R. Ridley
Judge, 87th Judicial District
Judge, 278th Judicial District
Bascom W. Bentley, III
Judge, 369th Judicial District

Hope L. Knight District Attorney
Cassandra Noey District Clerk

COUNTY COURT

Byron Ryder County Judge
James R. Witt County Attorney
Christie Wakefield County Clerk

JUSTICE COURTS

Lori Reid Justice of the Peace, Precinct # 1
Jack Keeling Justice of the Peace, Precinct # 2
Jerry Grimes Justice of the Peace, Precinct # 4

LAW ENFORCEMENT

Kevin Ellis Sheriff

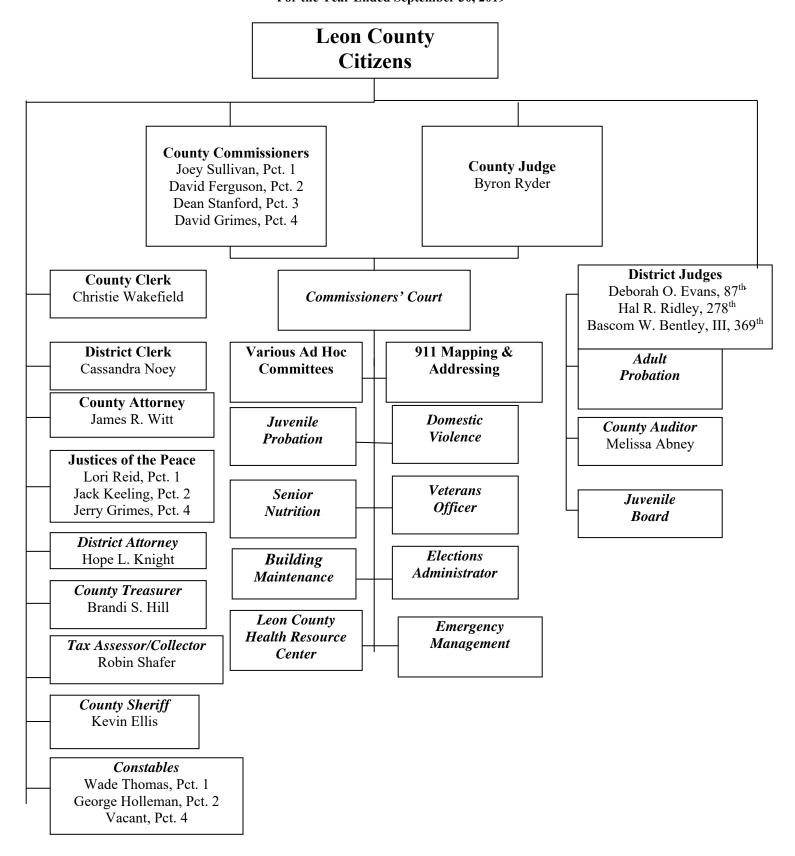
Wade Thomas Constable, Precinct # 1
George Holleman Constable, Precinct # 2
Vacant Constable, Precinct # 4

FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION

Melissa Abney County Auditor

Robin Shafer Tax Assessor/Collector Brandi S. Hill County Treasurer

ORGANIZATIONAL CHART
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019



FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable County Judge and Members of the Commissioners' Court of Leon County, Texas:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Leon County, Texas (the "County") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the County's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the County as of September 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension and total other postemployment benefit liability and related ratios, and schedule of contributions, identified as Required Supplementary Information on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The combining statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining statements and schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

BELT HARRIS PECHACEK, LLLP

Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP Certified Public Accountants Houston, Texas March 4, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

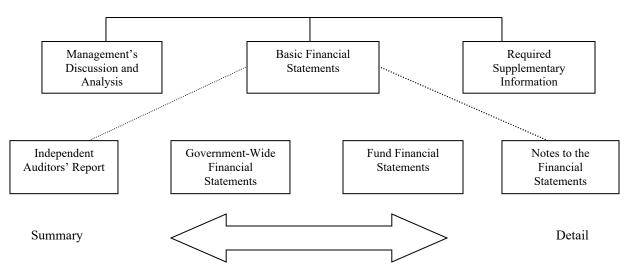
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

The purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to give the readers an objective and easily readable analysis of the financial activities of Leon County, Texas (the "County") for the year ended September 30, 2019. The analysis is based on currently known facts, decisions, or economic conditions. It presents short and long-term analysis of the County's activities, compares current year results with those of the prior year, and discusses the positive and negative aspects of that comparison. Please read the MD&A in conjunction with the County's financial statements, which follow this section.

THE STRUCTURE OF OUR ANNUAL REPORT

Components of the Financial Section



The County's basic financial statements include (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) individual fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financial statements themselves.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information for the County as a whole. These statements include transactions and balances relating to all assets, including infrastructure capital assets. These statements are designed to provide information about cost of services, operating results, and financial position of the County as an economic entity. The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the County's financial statements, report information on the County's activities that enable the reader to understand the financial condition of the County. These statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account even if cash has not yet changed hands.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the County's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating. Other nonfinancial factors, such as the County's property tax base and the condition of the County's infrastructure, need to be considered in order to assess the overall health of the County.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows – the accrual method rather than modified accrual that is used in the fund level statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities divide the County's financials into two classes of activities:

- 1. Governmental Activities All of the County's basic services are reported here including general government, judicial, legal, public safety, public welfare, and public transportation. Interest payments on the County's debt are also reported here. Property taxes, sales taxes, and other fees finance most of these activities.
- 2. Business-Type Activities Services involving a fee for those services are reported within this class. These services include the County's expo center and airport.

The government-wide financial statements can be found after the MD&A.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Funds may be considered as operating companies of the parent corporation, which is the County. They are usually segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal reporting requirements. The three categories of County funds are governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the County's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the County's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The County maintains 28 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance for the general, road and bridge, and grant funds, which are considered to be major funds for reporting purposes.

The County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, road and bridge, and select special revenue funds. Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the general, road and bridge, and select special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with these budgets.

Proprietary Funds

The County maintains one type of proprietary fund, enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The County uses enterprise funds to account for its expo center and airport. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the expo center and airport. The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found in the basic financial statements of this report.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the County's own programs. The County maintains five fiduciary funds. The County's fiduciary activities are reported separately in a statement of fiduciary net position.

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes are the last section of the basic financial statements.

Other Information

In addition to basic financial statements, this MD&A, and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain Required Supplementary Information (RSI). The RSI includes budgetary comparison schedules for the general, road and bridge, and grant funds, as well as a schedule of changes in net pension and other other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability and related ratios, and a schedule of contributions for the Texas County and District Retirement System. RSI can be found after the notes to the basic financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the County's financial position. Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceed liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$24,362,261 as of September 30, 2019. This compares with \$25,305,715 from the prior fiscal year. A portion of the County's net position, 48 percent, reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., construction in progress, building, equipment, and infrastructure) less any debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens. Consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position:

		2019		2018			
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	
Current and other assets	\$ 12,435,139	\$ 29,084	\$ 12,464,223	\$ 14,374,816	\$ 2,032	\$ 14,376,848	
Capital assets, net	8,222,235	4,006,189	12,228,424	8,625,658	3,893,043	12,518,701	
Total Assets	20,657,374	4,035,273	24,692,647	23,000,474	3,895,075	26,895,549	
Deferred outflows - pensions	1,626,460	-	1,626,460	391,090	-	391,090	
Deferred outflows - OPEB	26,109		26,109	20,723		20,723	
Total Deferred Outflows							
of Resources	1,652,569		1,652,569	411,813		411,813	
Long-term liabilities	1,053,575	-	1,053,575	1,129,985	-	1,129,985	
Other liabilities	876,414	9,813	886,227	480,324	4,156	484,480	
Total Liabilities	1,929,989	9,813	1,939,802	1,610,309	4,156	1,614,465	
Deferred inflows - pensions	735	-	735	368,200	-	368,200	
Deferred inflows - OPEB	42,418		42,418	18,982		18,982	
Total Deferred Inflows							
of Resources	43,153		43,153	387,182		387,182	
Net Position:							
Net investment in capital assets	7,714,543	4,006,189	11,720,732	8,077,098	3,893,043	11,970,141	
Restricted	1,883,355	-	1,883,355	1,021,656	-	1,021,656	
Unrestricted	10,738,903	19,271	10,758,174	12,316,042	(2,124)	12,313,918	
Total Net Position	\$ 20,336,801	\$ 4,025,460	\$ 24,362,261	\$ 21,414,796	\$ 3,890,919	\$ 25,305,715	

A portion of the County's net position, \$1,883,355 or 8 percent, represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, \$10,758,174 or 44 percent, may be used to meet the County's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

The County's total net position decreased by \$943,454 during the current fiscal year. This was primarily a result of the large increases in pension expenses over the prior year in general government, public safety, and expocenter.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Statement of Activities

The following table provides a summary of the County's changes in net position:

		2019		2018			
	Governmental	Business-Type		Governmental	Business-Type		
	Activities	Activities	Total	Activities	Activities	Total	
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 823,340	\$ 38,435	\$ 861,775	\$ 986,565	\$ 40,237	\$ 1,026,802	
Operating grants and contributions	578,382	-	578,382	467,218	-	467,218	
General revenues:							
Property taxes	7,850,869	-	7,850,869	7,500,560	-	7,500,560	
Sales taxes	2,114,143	-	2,114,143	1,817,230	-	1,817,230	
Investment income	116,071	-	116,071	99,562	-	99,562	
Other revenue	704,272	8,674	712,946	869,180	9,102	878,282	
Total Revenues	12,187,077	47,109	12,234,186	11,740,315	49,339	11,789,654	
Expenses							
General government	4,224,726	-	4,224,726	4,071,934	-	4,071,934	
Judicial	1,046,513	-	1,046,513	1,049,462	-	1,049,462	
Legal	207,523	-	207,523	191,976	-	191,976	
Public safety	3,273,215	-	3,273,215	2,779,450	-	2,779,450	
Public welfare	559,541	-	559,541	514,906	-	514,906	
Public transportation	3,546,342	-	3,546,342	3,700,296	-	3,700,296	
Interest on long-term debt	22,117	-	22,117	24,739	-	24,739	
Expo center	-	297,664	297,664	-	197,359	197,359	
Airport					1,503	1,503	
Total Expenses	12,879,976	297,664	13,177,640	12,332,764	198,862	12,531,626	
Change in Net Position Before Transfers	(692,899)	(250,555)	(943,454)	(592,449)	(149,523)	(741,972)	
Transfers in and out	(385,096)	385,096		(293,134)	293,134		
Change in Net Position	(1,077,995)	134,541	(943,454)	(885,583)	143,611	(741,972)	
Beginning net position	21,414,796	3,890,919	25,305,715	22,300,379	3,747,308	26,047,687	
Ending Net Position	\$ 20,336,801	\$ 4,025,460	\$ 24,362,261	\$ 21,414,796	\$ 3,890,919	\$ 25,305,715	

For the year ended September 30, 2019, revenues from governmental activities totaled \$12,187,077, compared with \$11,740,315 in the prior year. This \$446,762 net increase is primarily the result of an increase in property taxes due to increases in property tax values and sales tax revenue due to improved economic conditions from the prior year by \$350,309 and \$296,913, respectively.

Governmental expenses increased from the prior year by \$547,212, which can be primarily attributed to an increase in public safety due to an increase in personnel and maintenance repairs during the current year.

The total business-type revenues decreased by \$2,230 from the prior year as a result of decrease in charges for services and fewer donations and unclaimed property in other revenue during the current year. Expenses increased by \$98,802 from the prior year due to an increase in improvements to expo center arenas.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE COUNTY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, fund accounting is used to demonstrate and ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds – The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The County's governmental funds reflect a combined fund balance of \$7,579,154, a decrease of \$980,432 from the prior year. Of this total ending fund balance, \$90,339 is nonspendable, \$932,464 is restricted for road and bridge, \$92,317 is restricted for law enforcement, and \$858,574 is restricted for other purposes. The amount of unassigned fund balance is \$5,605,460.

The decrease in the general fund fund balance of \$1,328,171 contributed to the overall decrease of \$980,432 in the combined governmental fund balance. The decrease is primarily due to the large transfer to supplement road and bride expenditures associated with disaster road repair and capital expenditure purchases. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 73 percent, while total fund balance represents 73 percent, respectively, of total general fund expenditures.

The road and bridge fund experienced an increase in fund balance of \$429,037 due to a decrease in road and bridge expenses associated with disaster road repair.

There was an overall increase of \$112,085 revenues when compared to the prior year in the grant fund. This increase can be primarily attributed to the \$92,315 Homeland Security Grant Program monies received during the current year.

Proprietary Funds – The County's proprietary funds financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Actual general fund revenues were over final budgeted revenues by \$75,437 during the year. This net positive variance is primarily attributable to higher than expected other revenues. General fund disbursements were under the final budget by \$854,723. Total transfers also had a positive variance of \$406,683, contributing to an ending net positive variance for the general fund of \$1,336,843.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of the year, the County's governmental and business-type activities invested \$12,228,424 in a variety of capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation). This represents a net decrease of \$290,277.

Major capital asset events during the year included the following:

- Completion of the expo center's arena 1 for a total of \$3,159,292
- Seven large fan purchases at the expo center for a total of \$67,682
- Road and bridge equipment for a total of \$380,188
- Four 2019 Chevrolet Tahoe purchases for public safety totaling \$213,569

More detailed information about the County's capital assets is presented in note III.C. to the financial statements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

LONG-TERM DEBT

At the end of the year, the County reported total obligations under capital leases of \$507,692. The County obtained \$104,650 in capital lease financing during fiscal year 2019. In addition, the County reported other long-term liabilities of \$350,074 for an OPEB obligation and \$195,809 related to compensated absences.

More detailed information on the County's long-term liabilities can be found in note III.D. to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The County continues to experience a decrease in oil and gas evaluations, with some small increase in ad valorem revenue due only to re-evaluations in properties. This became apparent in fiscal year 2017. Due to elected/appointed officials' cost cutting measures, the County has continued to provide services to the residents of Leon County at a superior level. The budget for fiscal year 2020 will allow the County to maintain services, improve employee compensation, and invest in capital projects with the current tax rate of \$0.443095.

CONTACTING THE COUNTY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County's finances. Questions concerning this report or requests for additional financial information should be directed to Melissa Abney, County Auditor, Leon County, P.O. Box 898, Centerville, Texas 75833.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2019

Investments 5,275,865 - 5,27 Receivables, net 2,305,677 3,789 2,30 Prepaids 148,197 - 14 Total Current Assets 9,790,274 29,084 9,81 Noncurrent assets: Net pension asset 2,644,865 - 2,644	
Assets Activities Activities Total Current assets: \$2,060,535 \$25,295 \$2,08 Investments \$5,275,865 - 5,27 Receivables, net 2,305,677 3,789 2,30 Prepaids 148,197 - 14 Noncurrent assets: 9,790,274 29,084 9,81 Nondepreciable capital assets 2,644,865 - 2,64 Nondepreciable capital assets 176,174 824,611 1,00 Net depreciable capital assets 8,046,061 3,181,578 11,22 Total Noncurrent Assets 10,867,100 4,006,189 14,87	
Current assets: \$ 2,060,535 \$ 25,295 \$ 2,08 Investments 5,275,865 - 5,27 Receivables, net 2,305,677 3,789 2,30 Prepaids 148,197 - 14 Total Current Assets 9,790,274 29,084 9,81 Noncurrent assets: 2,644,865 - 2,64 Nondepreciable capital assets 176,174 824,611 1,00 Net depreciable capital assets 8,046,061 3,181,578 11,22 Total Noncurrent Assets 10,867,100 4,006,189 14,87	ĺ
Cash and equity in pooled cash \$ 2,060,535 \$ 25,295 \$ 2,08 Investments 5,275,865 - 5,27 Receivables, net 2,305,677 3,789 2,30 Prepaids 148,197 - 14 Noncurrent assets: Net pension asset 2,644,865 - 2,64 Nondepreciable capital assets 176,174 824,611 1,00 Net depreciable capital assets 8,046,061 3,181,578 11,22 Total Noncurrent Assets 10,867,100 4,006,189 14,87	
Investments	
Investments	5,830
Prepaids 148,197 - 14 Total Current Assets 9,790,274 29,084 9,81 Noncurrent assets: 2,644,865 - 2,64 Nondepreciable capital assets 176,174 824,611 1,00 Net depreciable capital assets 8,046,061 3,181,578 11,22 Total Noncurrent Assets 10,867,100 4,006,189 14,87	5,865
Noncurrent assets: 7,790,274 29,084 9,81 Noncurrent assets: 2,644,865 - 2,64 Nondepreciable capital assets 176,174 824,611 1,00 Net depreciable capital assets 8,046,061 3,181,578 11,22 Total Noncurrent Assets 10,867,100 4,006,189 14,87	9,466
Noncurrent assets: 7,790,274 29,084 9,81 Noncurrent assets: 2,644,865 - 2,64 Nondepreciable capital assets 176,174 824,611 1,00 Net depreciable capital assets 8,046,061 3,181,578 11,22 Total Noncurrent Assets 10,867,100 4,006,189 14,87	8,197
Net pension asset 2,644,865 - 2,64 Nondepreciable capital assets 176,174 824,611 1,00 Net depreciable capital assets 8,046,061 3,181,578 11,22 Total Noncurrent Assets 10,867,100 4,006,189 14,87	9,358
Nondepreciable capital assets 176,174 824,611 1,00 Net depreciable capital assets 8,046,061 3,181,578 11,22 Total Noncurrent Assets 10,867,100 4,006,189 14,87	
Net depreciable capital assets 8,046,061 3,181,578 11,22 Total Noncurrent Assets 10,867,100 4,006,189 14,87	4,865
Total Noncurrent Assets 10,867,100 4,006,189 14,87	0,785
	7,639
Total Assets 20,657,374 4,035,273 24,69	3,289
	2,647
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
	6,460
•	5,109
	2,569
Liabilities	2,307
Current liabilities:	
	1,803
	6,549
	7,875
	6,227
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Long-term liabilities due within one year 365,734 - 36	5,734
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year 687,841 - 68	7,841
	3,575
Total Liabilities 1,929,989 9,813 1,93	9,802
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows - pensions 735 -	735
•	2,418
	3,153
Net Position	<u>),133</u>
Net investment in capital assets 7,714,543 4,006,189 11,72	732
Restricted for:	.,. J.
	2,464
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2,317
	8,574
Unrestricted 10,738,903 19,271 10,75	
Total Net Position \$ 20,336,801 \$ 4,025,460 \$ 24,36	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

			Program Revenues				
Functions/Programs		Expenses	harges for Services	G	Operating Frants and Intributions		
Primary Government:							
Governmental Activities:							
General government	\$	4,224,726	\$ 4,995	\$	151,908		
Judicial		1,046,513	818,345		-		
Legal		207,523	-		-		
Public safety		3,273,215	-		57,020		
Public welfare		559,541	-		157,732		
Public transportation		3,546,342	-		211,722		
Interest and fiscal charges		22,117	 -		-		
Total Governmental Activities		12,879,976	823,340		578,382		
Business-Type Activities:							
Expo center		297,664	38,435		-		
Total Business-Type Activities		297,664	38,435		-		
Total Primary Government	\$	13,177,640	\$ 861,775	\$	578,382		

General Revenues:

Property taxes
Sales taxes
Investment income
Other revenue
Transfers

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Beginning net position

Ending Net Position

1	Net (Expense) R	ry Governmen		ivet i osition
G	overnmental Activities	asiness-Type Activities		Total
\$	(4,067,823)	\$ -	\$	(4,067,823)
	(228,168)	-		(228,168)
	(207,523)	-		(207,523)
	(3,216,195)	-		(3,216,195)
	(401,809)	-		(401,809)
	(3,334,620)	-		(3,334,620)
	(22,117)	_		(22,117)
	(11,478,254)	-		(11,478,254)
	=	 (259,229)		(259,229)
	-	(259,229)		(259,229)
	(11,478,254)	 (259,229)		(11,737,483)
	7.050.060			7.050.060
	7,850,869	-		7,850,869
	2,114,143 116,071	-		2,114,143 116,071
	704,272	- 8,674		712,946
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	385,096		712,940
	(385,096)	 393,770	_	10,794,029
	(1,077,995)	134,541		(943,454)
	21,414,796	 3,890,919		25,305,715
\$	20,336,801	\$ 4,025,460	\$	24,362,261

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2019

		General	a	Road nd Bridge		Grant		Nonmajor overnmental Funds
<u>Assets</u>								
Cash and equity in pooled cash	\$	223,004	\$	763,975	\$	58,649	\$	1,014,907
Investments		5,075,865		200,000		-		-
Receivables, net		1,301,241		382,926		523,951		60,529
Due from other funds		629,860		97,182		-		-
Prepaids		18,317		70,187	_	_		59,693
Total Assets	\$	7,248,287	\$	1,514,270	\$	582,600	\$	1,135,129
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts payable and								
accrued liabilities	\$	11,806	\$		\$		\$	91,384
Due to other funds	φ	97,182	φ	90,500	Ф	479,223	φ	60,137
Due to others Due to others		97,162		90,300		103,377		13,208
Other liabilities		480,550		81,665		103,377		13,208
Unearned revenue		71,000		81,003		_		6,875
Total Liabilities		660,538		172,165		582,600		171,604
		000,230		172,100		302,000		171,001
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes		974,771		339,454				
Fund Balances Nonspendable:								
Prepaids		18,317		70,187		-		1,835
Restricted:								
Road and bridge		-		932,464		-		-
Law enforcement		-		-		-		92,317
Other purposes		-		-		-		858,574
Unassigned		5,594,661		_		_		10,799
Total Fund Balances		5,612,978		1,002,651				963,525
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows			-					
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$	7,248,287	\$	1,514,270	\$	582,600	\$	1,135,129

G	Total overnmental Funds
\$	2,060,535 5,275,865 2,268,647 727,042 148,197 10,480,286
\$	10,480,286
Φ.	102.100
\$	103,190 727,042
	116,585
	562,215
	77,875
	1,586,907
	1,314,225
	90,339
	932,464
	92,317
	858,574 5,605,460
	7,579,154
\$	10,480,286

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

September 30, 2019

Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 7,579,154
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial	
resources and, therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.	
Nondepreciable capital assets	176,174
Depreciable capital assets, net	8,046,061
Long-term assets and deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions	
and other post employment benefits (OPEB) are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Net pension asset	2,644,865
Deferred outflows related to pensions	1,626,460
Deferred inflows related to pensions	(735)
Total OPEB liability	(350,074)
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	26,109
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	(42,418)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period	
expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds.	
Deferred revenue - delinquent property taxes	1,314,225
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not due and payable	
in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Accrued interest payable	(16,549)
Long-term liabilities due within one year	(365,734)
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year	(337,767)
Court fines receivable, net of related allowance, are not current financial	
resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.	37,030
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 20,336,801

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

		General	a	Road nd Bridge	Grant		Nonmajor vernmental Funds
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	5,795,938	\$	2,000,318	\$ -	\$	-
Sales taxes		1,524,783		589,360	_		_
Intergovernmental revenue		148,120		-	211,722		218,540
Charges for services		- 505.061		-	-		104,852
Fines and forfeitures		705,361		2 102	-		13,040
Investment income		109,371		2,193	-		4,507
Other revenue Total Revenues	_	324,038 8,607,611	_	219,771 2,811,642	 211,722	_	208,913 549,852
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government		2,885,658		-	267,736		844,504
Judicial		656,813		-	-		411,666
Legal		210,801		-	-		-
Public safety		3,175,962		-	-		98,299
Public welfare		531,299		-	-		-
Public transportation		_		3,235,987	-		_
Debt service:							
Principal		_		145,518	_		-
Interest and fiscal charges		-		21,007	-		-
Capital outlay		185,011		181,925			28,627
Total Expenditures		7,645,544		3,584,437	267,736		1,383,096
Excess (Deficiency) of					(= 1)		
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		962,067		(772,795)	 (56,014)		(833,244)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Capital leases		-		104,650	-		-
Transfers in		27,180		1,097,182	56,014		1,167,158
Transfers (out)		(2,317,418)			 		(415,212)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,290,238)		1,201,832	 56,014		751,946
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,328,171)		429,037	-		(81,298)
Beginning fund balances		6,941,149		573,614	 		1,044,823
Ending Fund Balances	\$	5,612,978	\$	1,002,651	\$ 	\$	963,525

Total Governmental Funds
\$ 7,796,256 2,114,143 578,382 104,852 718,401 116,071 752,722 12,180,827
3,997,898 1,068,479 210,801 3,274,261 531,299 3,235,987
145,518 21,007 395,563 12,880,813
(699,986)
104,650 2,347,534 (2,732,630) (280,446) (980,432)
8,559,586 \$ 7,579,154

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

For the Teat Ended September 30, 2017	
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (980,432)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay	806,396
Depreciation expense	(1,161,369)
Net effect of capital disposals	(48,450)
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Deferred revenue	54,613
Fines and fees receivable	87
The net pension asset and deferred outflows and deferred inflows related to pensions	
and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) are not reported in the governmental funds.	
Net pension asset	(1,408,925)
Deferred outflows related to pensions	1,235,370
Deferred inflows related to pensions	367,465
Total OPEB liability	11,406
Deferred outflows related to OPEB Deferred inflows related to OPEB	5,386 (23,436)
Deferred lilliows related to Or EB	(23,430)
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases, certificates of obligation)	
provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the	
repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial	
resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any	
effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums,	
discounts, and similar items when it is first issued; whereas, these amounts	
are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.	
Principal payments	145,518
Capital leases	(104,650)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current	
financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental	
funds. This adjustment reflects the net change on the accrual basis of accounting for	
accrued interest payable and compensated absences.	(1 110)
Accrued interest payable	(1,110)
Compensated absences	 24,136

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$

(1,077,995)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

September 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities							
	Exp	oo Center		Airport	Total Funds			
<u>Assets</u>			•					
Current assets:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	25,295	\$	-	\$	25,295		
Receivables, net		3,789		-		3,789		
Total Current Assets		29,084	•	-		29,084		
Noncurrent assets:			•					
Capital assets:								
Nondepreciable capital assets		824,611		-		824,611		
Net depreciable capital assets		3,181,578		_		3,181,578		
Total Noncurrent Assets		4,006,189		-		4,006,189		
Total Assets		4,035,273		-		4,035,273		
Liabilities								
Current liabilities:								
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		9,813		-		9,813		
Total Liabilities		9,813		-		9,813		
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets		4,006,189		_		4,006,189		
Unrestricted		19,271		_		19,271		
Total Net Position	\$	4,025,460	\$	-	\$	4,025,460		

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities							
			Nor	ımajor				
	Ex	xpo Center	Ai	rport	Т	otal Funds		
Operating Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	38,435	\$	-	\$	38,435		
Other revenue		8,674		-		8,674		
Total Operating Revenues		47,109				47,109		
Operating Expenses								
Personnel		86,052		-		86,052		
Supplies		356		-		356		
Contractual services		16,467		-		16,467		
Other expense		72,604		-		72,604		
Depreciation		122,185		-		122,185		
Total Expenditures		297,664				297,664		
(Loss) Before Transfers		(250,555)		<u> </u>		(250,555)		
Transfers in		385,096		-		385,096		
Net Change in Fund Balances		134,541		-		134,541		
Beginning fund balances		3,890,919				3,890,919		
Ending Fund Balances	\$	4,025,460	\$	-	\$	4,025,460		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Business-Type Activities					
			Nonmajor			
	E	xpo Center	A	irport	T	otal Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		_				_
Receipts from customers	\$	45,121	\$	-	\$	45,121
Payments to suppliers		(83,538)		(153)		(83,691)
Payments to employees		(86,052)				(86,052)
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities		(124,469)		(153)		(124,622)
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities						
Transfers		385,096				385,096
Net Cash Provided by Noncapital Financing Activities		385,096				385,096
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities						
Capital purchases		(235,332)				(235,332)
Net Cash (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities		(235,332)				(235,332)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		25,295		(153)		25,142
Beginning cash and cash equivalents				153		153
Ending Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	25,295	\$	-	\$	25,295
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash						
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities						
Operating (loss)	\$	(250,555)	\$	_	\$	(250,555)
Adjustments to reconcile operating (loss)	Ψ	(230,333)	Ψ		Ψ	(230,333)
to net cash (used) by operating activities:						
Depreciation		122,185		_		122,185
Changes in Operating Assets and Liabilities:		,				,
(Increase) Decrease in:						
Receivables, net		(1,988)		_		(1,988)
Prepaid items		79		(153)		(74)
Increase (Decrease) in:						. ,
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		5,810		-		5,810
Net Cash (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(124,469)	\$	(153)	\$	(124,622)

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS September 30, 2019

		Total Agency Funds		
Assets Cash and cash equivalents		\$	3,357,727	
	Total Assets	\$	3,357,727	
Liabilities				
Accounts payable		\$	14,642	
Due to others			3,343,085	
	Total Liabilities	\$	3,357,727	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Leon County, Texas (the "County") is an independent governmental entity created in 1846 by an act of the Texas Legislature. The County is governed by Commissioners' Court, which is composed of four County Commissioners and the County Judge, all of whom are elected officials.

The County's financial statements include the accounts of all County operations. The County provides a vast array of services including general government, judicial, legal, public safety, public welfare, and public transportation.

Considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions in the County's financial reporting entity are based on criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. These same criteria are evaluated in considering whether the County is a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity. The overriding elements associated with the prescribed criteria considered in determining that the County's financial reporting entity status is that of a primary government are that it has a separately elected governing body, it is legally separate, and it is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. Additionally, prescribed criteria under generally accepted accounting principles include considerations pertaining to organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and considerations pertaining to organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental, while business-type activities incorporate data from the County's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonably equivalent in value to the interfund services provided. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The County reports the following governmental funds:

The *general fund* is used to account for and report all financial transactions not accounted for and reported in another fund. The principal sources of revenues include local property taxes, fees, fines and forfeitures, and charges for services. Disbursements include general government, judicial, legal, public safety, public welfare, and public transportation. The general fund is always considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

The *special revenue funds* are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The following special revenue funds are considered major funds for reporting purposes:

Road and bridge fund – This fund is used to account for receipts of property taxes levied and vehicle registration fees. Uses of funds are restricted for the maintenance of roads, bridges, and the operations of related facilities. All precinct operations, as well as permanent road monies, are accounted for in this fund.

Grants fund – This fund is used to account for various grants received by the County that are not reported in a separate fund.

The County reports the following enterprise funds:

Enterprise funds are used to account for and report the operation of the County's expo center and airport, including administration, operation, and maintenance. The services are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis will be financed or recovered primarily through user changes.

Additionally, the County reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for and report resources held for the benefit of parties outside the County. The County maintains one type of fiduciary fund, agency funds. The agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for assets that the County holds for others in an agency capacity.

During the course of operations, the County has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e, the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the County considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, sales taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the County.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The County's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

The County maintains a pooled cash account. Each fund whose monies are deposited in the pooled cash account has equity therein, and interest earned on the investment of these monies is allocated based upon relative equity at the previous month end. Amounts on deposit in interest bearing accounts and other investments are displayed on the combined balance sheet as "cash and equity in pooled cash."

2. Investments

Investments, except for certain investment pools, commercial paper, money market funds, and investment contracts, are reported at fair value. Money market funds, which are short-term highly liquid debt instruments that may include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and commercial paper that have a remaining maturity of one year or less upon acquisition, are reported at amortized cost. Investments in nonparticipating interest earning contracts, such as certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The County has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. In summary, the County is authorized to invest in the following:

Direct obligations of the U.S. Government or U.S. Government agencies Fully collateralized certificates of deposit Money market mutual funds that meet certain criteria Bankers' acceptances Statewide investment pools

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when the related liability is incurred (i.e., the purchase method).

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, infrastructure has been capitalized retroactively. Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the County are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful years.

	Estimated
Asset Description	Useful Life
Building improvements	15-30 years
Infrastructure	40 years
Equipment and machinery	4-10 years

5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension/other postemployment benefits (OPEB) activities are amortized over the average of the expected service lives of pension/OPEB plan members, except for the net differences between the projected and actual investment earnings on the pension/OPEB plan assets, which are amortized over a period of five years.
- For employer pension/OPEB plan contributions that were made subsequent to the measurement date through the end of the County's fiscal year, the amount is deferred and recognized as a reduction to the net pension/OPEB liability during the measurement period in which the contributions were made.
- A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

At the fund level, the County has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

6. Compensated Employee Absences

It is the County's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and compensatory time. Amounts accumulated may be paid to employees upon termination of employment or during employment in accordance with the County's personnel policy. The estimated amount of compensation for services provided that is expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it when it matures or becomes due. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable, available financial resources are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the fund and government-wide presentations.

7. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

The property tax rate is allocated each year between the general and road and bridge funds.

Assets acquired under the terms of a capital lease are recorded as liabilities and capitalized in the government-wide financial statements at the present value of net minimum lease payments at inception of the lease. In the year of acquisition, capital lease transactions are recorded as other financing sources and as capital outlay expenditures in the applicable fund. Lease payments representing both principal and interest are recorded as expenditures in the general and road and bridge funds upon payment with an appropriate reduction of principal recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

8. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

9. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

10. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balances of governmental funds are reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The County itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact are classified as nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions are classified as restricted.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the County's highest level of decision-making authority. The Commissioners' Court is the highest level of decision-making authority for the County that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the County for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Commissioners' Court may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

11. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

12. Pensions

For the purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Texas County and District Retirement System (TCDRS) and additions to/deductions from TCDRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TCDRS. For this purpose, plan contributions are

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

recognized in the period that compensation is reported for the employee, which is when contributions are legally due. Benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

13. Other Postemployment Benefits

The County participates in a single-employer, unfunded, defined benefit group-term life insurance plan operated by TCDRS known as the Group Term Life Fund (GTLF). This is a voluntary program in which participating member counties may elect, by ordinance, to provide group-term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. The funding policy for the GTLF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB 75). Benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees. Benefit payments and refunds are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Information about the County's OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense is provided by TCDRS from reports prepared by their consulting actuary.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

General property taxes are recorded as receipts when levied for the current year and due, payable, and collected in the current year.

The property tax calendar dates are:

Levy date – October 1 Due date – October 1 Collection dates – October 1 through January 31 Lien date – January 1 (following year)

The County bills and collects its own taxes and those for certain government entities within the County. Collections of the property taxes and subsequent remittances to the proper entities are accounted for in the tax assessor's agency fund. Tax collections deposited for the County are distributed on a periodic basis to the general and road and bridge funds of the County. This distribution is based upon the tax rate established for each fund by order of the Commissioners' Court for the tax year for which the collections are made.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

The appraisal of property within the County is the responsibility of the County-wide appraisal district, which is required under the Property Tax Code to assess all property within the appraisal district on the basis of 100 percent of its appraised value and is prohibited from applying any assessment ratios. The appraisal district must review the value of the property within the County every three years unless the County, at its own discretion, requires more frequent reviews. The County may challenge the appraised values through various appeals and, if necessary, legal action. Under this legislation, the County sets tax rates on County property.

3. Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

The original budget is adopted by the Commissioners' Court prior to the beginning of the period. The legal level of control is the department level. Management may not amend the budget without the approval of Commissioners' Court.

The final amended budget is used in this report. Budgets are adopted for the general fund, road and bridge fund, and select special revenue funds. All funds that adopted a budget did so in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Several supplemental budget appropriations were made for the period ended September 30, 2019.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

As of September 30, 2019, the County had the following investments:

			w eighted Average
Investment Type	F	air Value	Maturity (Years)
Certificates of deposit	\$	5,275,865	0.40

XX7. • . 1.4 . 1 A

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the County manages its exposure to declines in fair values by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and invest operating funds primarily in short-term securities.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the County's deposits may not be returned to it. The County's investment policy requires funds on deposit at the depository bank to be collateralized. As of September 30, 2019, bank balances were sufficiently covered by FDIC and market values of pledged securities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

B. Receivables

Amounts are aggregated into a single accounts receivable (net of allowance for uncollectible) line for certain funds. Below is the detail of receivables for the general fund, the road and bridge fund, the grant fund, and the nonmajor governmental funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts.

						I	Nonmajor	
			Road			Go	vernmental	Total
	 General	an	and Bridge		Grant		Funds	Funds
Property taxes	\$ 1,083,079	\$	382,926	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,466,005
Sales taxes	210,833		-		=		-	210,833
Other	115,637		-		523,951		60,529	700,117
Less allowance	(108,308)							 (108,308)
Total Receivables	\$ 1,301,241	\$	382,926	\$	523,951	\$	60,529	\$ 2,268,647

C. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities for the year end September 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 176,174	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 176,174
Total capital assets not being depreciated	176,174			176,174
Other capital assets:				
Buildings and improvements	9,172,411	209,444	-	9,381,855
Infrastructure	15,877,236	-	-	15,877,236
Equipment and machinery	8,697,707	596,952	(490,492)	8,804,167
Total other capital assets	33,747,354	806,396	(490,492)	34,063,258
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(3,345,483)	(429,038)	-	(3,774,521)
Infrastructure	(15,272,600)	(15,580)	-	(15,288,180)
Equipment and machinery	(6,679,787)	(716,751)	442,042	(6,954,496)
Total accumulated depreciation	(25,297,870)	(1,161,369)	442,042	(26,017,197)
Other capital assets, net	8,449,484	(354,973)	(48,450)	8,046,061
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 8,625,658	\$ (354,973)	\$ (48,450)	8,222,235
		Less	associated debt	(507,692)
		Net Investment in	n Capital Assets	\$ 7,714,543

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General government	\$ 310,603
Legal	2,396
Public safety	90,971
Public welfare	38,167
Public transportation	 719,232
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 1,161,369

A summary of changes in capital assets for business-type activities for the year end September 30, 2019 is as follows:

	Beginning					Ending
	 Balance	Increases		Decreases		 Balance
Business-Type Activities:						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 392,437	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 392,437
Construction in process	3,423,816		167,650		(3,159,292)	 432,174
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,816,253		167,650		(3,159,292)	824,611
Other capital assets:						
Buildings and improvements	100,160		3,159,292		_	3,259,452
Equipment and machinery	 		67,682			 67,682
Total other capital assets	100,160		3,226,974			3,327,134
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements	(23,371)		(108,649)		_	(132,020)
Equipment and machinery	 		(13,536)			 (13,536)
Total accumulated depreciation	(23,371)		(122,185)		-	(145,556)
Other capital assets, net	76,789		3,104,789		-	3,181,578
Business-Type Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 3,893,042	\$	3,272,439	\$	(3,159,292)	\$ 4,006,189
		Net	Investment i	n Ca	pital Assets	\$ 4,006,189

Depreciation was charged to business-type functions as follows:

Expo center	\$ 122,185
Total Business-Type Activities Depreciation Expense	\$ 122,185

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

D. Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in the County's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2019. In general, the County uses the general and road and bridge funds to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

Long-term liabilities applicable to the County's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due.

		Beginning Balance	A	dditions	(R	eductions)	Ending Balance		ie Within One Year
Governmental Activities:									
Capital leases:									
Obligations under capital leases	\$	548,560	\$	104,650	\$	(145,518)	\$ 507,692	* \$	189,506
Other:									
Total OPEB obligation		361,480		-		(11,406)	350,074		-
Compensated absences		219,945		125,872		(150,008)	195,809		176,228
Total Governmental Activities	\$	1,129,985	\$	230,522	\$	(306,932)	\$ 1,053,575	\$	365,734
			-		-				
	Lo	ng-term liab	ilities	due in mor	e tha	n one year	\$ 687,841		
		*Del	bt as s	ociated wit	h cap	oital assets	\$ 507,692	=	

Long-term debt obligations of the County as of September 30, 2019 are as follows:

	Interest Rate Percentage	Original Amount		 Balance
Capital Leases				
Caterpillar Financial Services	4.20%	\$	133,650	\$ 46,396
Caterpillar Financial Services	4.20%	\$	167,463	128,675
Caterpillar Financial Services	4.20%	\$	118,300	80,478
Caterpillar Financial Services	4.20%	\$	104,650	104,650
John Deere	4.75%	\$	76,760	27,993
Southside Bank	4.48%	\$	119,500	119,500
			Total	\$ 507,692

Future minimum payments, including interest, to retire capital leases are as follows:

Year Ending		Capita	al Le:	ases
Sept. 30	P	rincipal	_ I	nterest
2020	\$	189,506	\$	25,102
2021		121,509		15,460
2022		117,212		9,711
2023		53,243		3,701
2024		26,222		1,175
Totals	\$	507,692	\$	55,149

Machinery and equipment acquired under current capital lease obligations totaled \$402,244.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

E. Interfund Transfers

Transfers between the primary governmental funds during the year were as follows:

Transfers out	Transfers in	 Amounts
General fund	Road and bridge funds	\$ 1,097,182
General fund	Grant fund	56,014
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	1,164,222
Nonmajor governmental funds	General fund	27,180
Nonmajor governmental funds	Expo center	385,096
Nonmajor governmental funds	Nonmajor governmental funds	 2,936
	Total	\$ 2,732,630

Transfers are used to move unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the County must account for in the other governmental and business-type funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, including amounts provided as subsidies or matching funds for various grant programs.

The composition of interfund balances as of September 30, 2019 is as follows:

Due to	Due from	 Amounts
General fund	Road and bridge funds	\$ 90,500
General fund	Grant funds	479,223
General fund	Nonmajor governmental funds	60,137
Road and bridge fund	General fund	 97,182
	Total	\$ 727,042

Amounts recorded as due to/from are considered temporary loans and will be repaid during the following year.

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the County carries commercial insurance. In addition, the County participates along with 279 other entities in the Texas Association of Counties' (TAC) Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund (the "Pool"). The TAC created this Pool in 1974 to insure the County for workers' compensation related claims. The County also provides its employees benefits, including medical and life insurance, which the County obtains through the TAC's Insurance Trust Fund.

This Pool purchases commercial insurance at group rates for participants in the Pool. The County has no additional risk or responsibility to either of the Pools in which it participates, outside of payment of insurance premiums. The County has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements that exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the County expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The County is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, it is the opinion of the County's counsel that resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the County.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency, and amount of payout and other economic and social factors. No claim liabilities are reported at year end.

C. Pension Plan

Texas County and District Retirement System

Plan Description

TCDRS is a statewide, agent multiple-employer, public-employee retirement system. TCDRS serves 780 actively participating counties and districts throughout Texas. Each employer maintains its own customized plan of benefits. Plan provisions are adopted by the Commissioners' Court of each employer, within the options available in the TCDRS Act. Because of that, the County has the flexibility and local control to select benefits and pay for those benefits based on its needs and budgets.

Each employer has a defined benefit plan that functions similarly to a cash balance plan. The assets of the plans are pooled for investment purposes, but each employer's plan assets may be used only for the payment of benefits to the members of that employer's plan. In accordance with Texas law, it is intended that the pension plan be construed and administered in a manner that the retirement system will be considered a tax qualified plan under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. TCDRS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at www.tcdrs.org.

All eligible employees of the County must be enrolled in the TCDRS.

Benefits Provided

TCDRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. The benefit provisions are adopted by the Commissioners' Court within the options available in Texas state statutes governing TCDRS. Members can retire at age 60 and above with eight or more years of service, with 20 years of service regardless of age, or when the sum of their age and years of service equals 75 or more. Members are vested after eight years of service, but must leave their accumulated contributions in the plan to receive any County-financed benefit. Members who withdraw their personal contributions in a lump sum are not entitled to any amounts contributed by the County.

Benefit amounts are determined by the sum of the employee's contribution to TCDRS, with interest, and County-financed monetary credits. The level of these monetary credits is adopted by the Commissioners' Court within the actuarial constraints imposed by the TCDRS Act so that the resulting benefits can be expected to be adequately financed by the County's commitment to contribute. At retirement, death, or disability, the benefit is calculated by converting the sum of

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

the employee's accumulated contributions and the County-financed monetary credits to a monthly annuity using annuity purchase rates prescribed by the TCDRS Act.

The Commissioners' Court adopted the rate of seven percent as the contributed rate payable by the employee members for calendar year 2019. The Commissioners' Court may change the employee contribution rate and the County contribution rate within the options available in the TCDRS Act.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the December 31, 2018 valuation and measurement date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	76
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	109
Active employees	145
Total	330

Contributions

A combination of three elements funds each employer's plan: employee deposits, employer contributions, and investment income.

- The deposit rate for employees is four percent, five percent, six percent, or seven percent of compensation, as adopted by the employer's governing body.
- Participating employers are required, by law, to contribute at actuarially determined rates, which are determined annually by the actuary, using the Entry Age Normal (EAN) actuarial cost method.
- Investment income funds a large part of the benefits employees earn.

Employers have the option of paying more than the required contribution rate each year. Extra contributions can help employers "prefund" benefit increases, such as a cost-of-living adjustment to retirees, and they can be used to help offset or mitigate future increases in the required rate due to negative plan experience. There are two approaches for making extra contributions:

- (a) paying an elected contribution rate higher than the required rate and
- (b) making an extra lump-sum contribution to the employer account.

Employees for the County were required to contribute seven percent of their annual gross earnings during the fiscal year. The contribution rates for the County were zero percent and zero percent in calendar years 2017 and 2018, respectively. However, the County elected to contribute 7.00 percent. The County's contributions to TCDRS for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019 were \$330,570 and were more than the required contributions.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Net Pension Liability/Asset

The County's Net Pension Asset (NPA) was measured as of December 31, 2018 and the Total Pension Liability (TPL) used to calculate the NPA was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions that determined the TPL as of December 31, 2018 were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2009 through October 31, 2012, except where required to be different by GASB Standard No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* (GASB 68).

Key assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation are as follows:

Valuation Timing Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31, two

years prior to the end of the fiscal year in the which the contributions are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Asset Valuation Method 5-year smoothed market

Inflation 2.75%

Salary Increases Varies by age and service. 4.9% average over career, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return 8.00%

Cost-of-Living Adjustments Cost-of-living adjustments for the County are not considered to be substantively

automatic under GASB 68. Therefore, an assumption for future cost-of-living adjustments is included in the GASB calculations. No assumption for future cost-

of-living adjustments is included in the funding valuation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

The long-term expected rate of return on TCDRS assets is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns, and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The target allocation and best estimate of geometric real rate of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Target	Geometric Real Rate of Return (Expected minus
Asset Class	Benchmark	Allocation	Inflation)
US Equities	Dow Jones U.S. Total Stock Market Index	10.50%	5.40%
Private Equity	Cambridge Associates Global Private Equity & Venture		
	Capital Index	18.00%	8.40%
Global Equities	MSCI World (net) Index	2.50%	5.70%
International Equities - Developed	MSCI World Ex USA (net) Index	10.00%	5.40%
International Equities - Emerging	MSCI Emerging Markets (net) Index	7.00%	5.90%
Investment-Grade Bonds	Barclays Capital Aggregate Bond Index	3.00%	1.60%
Strategic Credit	FTSE High-Yeild Cash-Pay Capped Index	12.00%	4.39%
Direct Lending	S&P/LSTA Leveraged Loan Index	11.00%	7.95%
Distressed Debt	Cambridge Associates Distressed Securities Index	2.00%	7.20%
REIT Equities	67% FTSE NAREIT Equity REITs Index + 33%		
	S&P Global REIT (net) Index	2.00%	4.15%
Master Limited Partnerships (MLP)	Alerian MLP Index	3.00%	5.35%
Private Real Estate Partnerships	Cambridge Associates Real Estate Index	6.00%	6.30%
Hedge Funds	Hedge Fund Research. Inc. (HFRI) Fund of		
-	Funds Composite Index	13.00%	3.90%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 8.1 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee and employer contributions will be made at the rates specified in statute. Based on that assumption, TCDRS's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Changes in the NPA

	Increase (Decrease)					
	To	otal Pension Liability (A)		an Fiduciary let Position (B)		Net Pension bility/(Asset) (A-B)
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	\$	484,019	\$	-	\$	484,019
Interest		1,100,858		-		1,100,858
Changes in benefit terms		-		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		291,385		-		291,385
Changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Contributions - employer		-		341,238		(341,238)
Contributions - employee		-		341,238		(341,238)
Net investment income		-		(325,076)		325,076
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee						
contributions		(705,933)		(705,933)		-
Administrative expense		-		(13,870)		13,870
Other changes		_		123,807		(123,807)
Net Changes		1,170,329		(238,596)		1,408,925
Balance at December 31, 2017		13,452,910		17,506,700		(4,053,790)
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	14,623,239	\$	17,268,104	\$	(2,644,865)

Sensitivity of the NPA to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the NPA of the County, calculated using the discount rate of 8.1 percent, as well as what the County's NPA would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (7.1%) or one percentage point higher (9.1%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease		1% Increase
	in Discount		in Discount
	Rate	Discount Rate	Rate
	(7.1%)	(8.1%)	(9.1%)
County's Net Pension (Asset)	\$ (958,516)	\$ (2,644,865)	\$ (4,084,612)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about TCDRS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TCDRS financial report. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.tcdrs.org.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized pension expense of \$136,661.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

At September 30, 2019, the County reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	Deferred outflows of Resources	Infl	ferred lows of ources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	218,539	\$	735
Changes in actuarial assumptions		70,952		-
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		1,093,323		-
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		243,646		_
Total	\$	1,626,460	\$	735

\$243,646 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an increase of the NPA for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended		Pension	
September 30:	Expense		
2020	\$	526,112	
2021		281,511	
2022		225,147	
2023		349,309	
Total	\$	1,382,079	

D. Other Postemployment Benefits

Texas County and District Retirement System - Optional Group Term Life Fund

Plan Description

The County participates in a defined benefit OPEB plan administered by TCDRS. TCDRS administers the defined benefit group-term life insurance plan known as the GTLF. This is a voluntary program in which participating member counties may elect, by ordinance, to provide group term life insurance coverage for their active members, including or not including retirees. Employers may terminate coverage under, and discontinue participation in, the GTLF by adopting an ordinance at any point during the year to be effective the following January 1.

The member county contributes to the GTLF at a contractually required rate as determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The rate is equal to the cost of providing one-year term life insurance. The premium rate is expressed as a percentage of the covered payroll of members employed by the participating employer. There is a one-year delay between the actuarial valuation that serves as a basis for the employer contribution rate and the calendar year when the rate goes into effect. The funding policy for the GTLF program is to assure that adequate resources are available to meet all death benefit payments for the upcoming year. The intent is not to pre-fund retiree term life insurance during employees' entire careers. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75. As such, the GTLF is considered to be a single-employer unfunded OPEB defined benefit plan with benefit payments treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

The contributions to the GTLF are pooled for investment purposes with those of the Pension Trust Fund (PTF). The TCDRS Act (the "Act") requires the PTF to allocate a portion of investment income to the GTLF on an annual basis each December 31 based on the fund value in the GTLF during the year.

Benefits

The death benefit for active employees provides a lump-sum payment approximately equal to the employee's annual salary (calculated based on the employee's actual earnings, for the 12-month period preceding the month of death). The death benefit for retirees is considered an OPEB and is a fixed amount of \$5,000. As the GTLF covers both active and retiree participants with no segregation of assets, the GTLF is considered to be an unfunded OPEB plan (i.e., no assets are accumulated). Participation in the GTLF as of December 31, 2018 is summarized below:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	68
Inactive employees entitled to, but not yet receiving, benefits	23
Active employees	145
Total	236

Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability of \$350,074 was measured as of December 31, 2018 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate*	4.10%
Administrative expenses	N/A

Mortality - service retirees 130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014

Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014

Ultimate scale after 2014.

Mortality - disabled retirees 130% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 115% of the RP-2014

Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014

Ultimate scale after 2014.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2013 to December 31, 2016.

^{*}The discount rate was based on 20 Year Bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com as of the measurement date of December 31, 2018.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease) Total OPEB		
	Liability		
Changes for the year:			
Service cost	\$	16,388	
Interest		12,758	
Change of benefit terms		-	
Difference between expected and actual experience		8,813	
Changes of assumptions		(35,228)	
Benefit payments		(14,137)	
Net Changes		(11,406)	
Balance at December 31, 2017		361,480	
Balance at December 31, 2018	\$	350,074	

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County, as well as what the County's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	1% Decrease Discount Rate			1%	Increase	
	((3.10%)	(4.10%)	(5.10%)		
County's Total OPEB Liability	\$	405,627	\$	350,074	\$	305,560	

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended September 30, 2019, the County recognized OPEB expense of \$21,664. The County reported deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		eferred tflows of		Deferred Inflows of		
	Re	sources	Resources			
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	7,050	\$	14,236		
Changes in actuarial assumptions		7,640		28,182		
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		11,419		_		
Total	\$	26,109	\$	42,418		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)
For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

\$11,419 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2020. Amounts reported as deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	OP	OPEB Expense					
September 30		Amount					
2020	\$	(7,485)					
2021		(7,482)					
2022		(7,481)					
2023		(5,280)					
Thereafter		-					
Total	\$	(27,728)					

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 1 of 2) GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive	
	Original		Final		Amounts	(Negative)		
Revenues							<u> </u>	
Property taxes	\$	6,147,492	\$	6,147,492	\$ 5,795,938	\$	(351,554)	
Sales taxes		1,437,031		1,437,031	1,524,783		87,752	
Intergovernmental revenue		125,263		125,263	148,120		22,857	
Fines and forfeitures		622,388		622,388	705,361		82,973	
Investment income		90,000		90,000	109,371		19,371	
Other revenue		110,000		110,000	324,038		214,038	
Total Revenues		8,532,174		8,532,174	8,607,611		75,437	
Expenditures								
General Government:								
Commissioners' court		304,620		301,620	286,403		15,217	
County clerk		289,109		293,523	293,523		-	
County court		210,551		217,131	216,831		300	
District clerk		175,591		180,635	180,635		-	
County auditor		224,421		224,421	221,421		3,000	
County treasurer		149,862		153,662	148,850		4,812	
County tax assessor		350,503		350,503	338,381		12,122	
Nondepartmental		1,165,110		1,052,882	648,103		404,779	
County courthouse complex		538,899		561,372	551,511		9,861	
		3,408,666		3,335,749	2,885,658		450,091	
Judicial:								
Adult probation services		4,100		4,100	3,513		587	
District court		322,888		322,888	245,065		77,823	
Justices of the peace		383,916		393,971	388,147		5,824	
Court administration		27,250		27,250	 20,088		7,162	
		738,154		748,209	656,813		91,396	
Legal:								
County attorney		205,803		210,801	 210,801			
Public Safety:								
Justice center		2,973,069		3,009,817	3,009,801		16	
Constables		54,512		56,822	56,822		-	
License and weights		53,631		53,631	48,875		4,756	
Texas ranger		6,100		6,100	5,778		322	
Highway patrol		54,752		54,752	54,686		66	
		3,142,064		3,181,122	 3,175,962		5,160	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Page 2 of 2) GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	 Budgeted	l Am			Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	 Original	<u>Final</u>		Amounts		(Negative)	
Expenditures (continued)							
Public Welfare:							
Social services	\$ 22,492	\$	22,492	\$	20,588	\$	1,904
Waste disposal site	283,894		297,202		289,947		7,255
Keep Texas beautiful	300		300		150		150
Extension service	157,114		157,114		130,011		27,103
Domestic violence advocacy	23,218		23,218		21,254		1,964
Health and welfare	339,049		339,049		69,349		269,700
	826,067		839,375		531,299		308,076
			_		_		
Capital Outlay	 190,500		185,011		185,011		-
Total Expenditures	8,511,254		8,500,267		7,645,544		854,723
	 _		_				
Excess of							
Revenues Over Expenditures	20,920		31,907		962,067		930,160
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	-		-		27,180		27,180
Transfers (out)	(2,653,093)		(2,696,921)		(2,317,418)		379,503
Total Other Financing (Uses)	(2,653,093)		(2,696,921)		(2,290,238)		406,683
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (2,632,173)	\$	(2,665,014)		(1,328,171)	\$	1,336,843
		-					
Beginning fund balance					6,941,149		
Ending Fund Balance				\$	5,612,978		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

				Variance with Final Budget
		ed Amounts Final	Actual	Positive
Revenues	Original	rinai	Amounts	(Negative)
Property taxes	\$ 2,135,392	\$ 2,135,392	\$ 2,000,318	\$ (135,074)
Sales taxes	548,614	548,614	589,360	40,746
Investment income	1,727	1,727	2,193	466
Other revenue	102,595	102,595	219,771	117,176
Total Revenues	2,788,328	2,788,328	2,811,642	23,314
Expenditures				
Public Transportation:				
Precinct No. 1	1,082,577	1,155,698	1,155,698	-
Precinct No. 2	921,527	811,151	718,764	92,387
Precinct No. 3	741,443	786,259	661,365	124,894
Precinct No. 4	955,224	947,534	576,030	371,504
Forestry control	166,148	166,148	124,130	42,018
Debt Service:				
Principal	112,770	146,703	145,518	1,185
Interest and fiscal charges	8,640	21,007	21,007	-
Capital Outlay		181,925	181,925	
Total Expenditures	3,988,329	4,216,425	3,584,437	631,988
(Deficiency) of				
Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(1,200,001)	(1,428,097)	(772,795)	655,302
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Capital leases	-	-	104,650	104,650
Transfers in	1,166,148	1,166,148	1,097,182	(68,966)
Transfers (out)	(131,730)	(166,148)		166,148
Total Other Financing Sources	1,034,418	1,000,000	1,201,832	201,832
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (165,583)	\$ (428,097)	429,037	\$ 857,134
Beginning fund balance			573,614	
Ending Fund Balance			\$ 1,002,651	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL GRANT FUND

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

	Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Fin	iance with al Budget Positive
	Original		Final	A	Amounts	(N	Vegative)
Revenues			_				, ,
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 558,994	\$	556,694	\$	211,722	\$	(344,972)
Total Revenues	558,994		556,694		211,722		(344,972)
Expenditures Curret:							
General government	636,663		700,784		267,736		433,048
Total Expenditures	636,663		700,784		267,736		433,048
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(77,669)		(144,090)		(56,014)		88,076
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	 _				56,014		56,014
Total Other Financing Sources	 				56,014		56,014
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (77,669)	\$	(144,090)		-	\$	144,090
Beginning fund balance					-		
Ending Fund Balance				\$	_		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

			Measuren	nent	Year*	
	2014		2015		2016	2017
Total Pension Liability	_		_			
Service cost	\$ 442,901	\$	473,396	\$	488,034	\$ 473,635
Interest on the total pension liability	839,500		900,446		948,400	1,018,995
Effect of plan changes	-		(44,908)		-	-
Effect of assumption changes or inputs	-		121,391		-	141,904
Effect of economic/demographic (gains) or losses	(43,822)		(314,721)		(274,891)	(1,470)
Benefit payments, including refunds of contributions	(539,348)		(537,822)		(487,734)	(562,459)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	699,232		597,782		673,809	1,070,605
Beginning total pension liability	 10,411,481	_	11,110,713		11,708,495	 12,382,304
Ending Total Pension Liability	\$ 11,110,713	\$	11,708,495	\$	12,382,304	\$ 13,452,909
Plan Fiduciary Net Position						
Contributions - employer	\$ 312,643	\$	311,730	\$	326,477	\$ 332,623
Contributions - employee	312,643		311,730		326,477	333,349
Net investment income	899,902		(59,822)		1,039,187	2,219,470
Benefit payments, including refunds of						
employee contributions	(539,348)		(537,822)		(487,734)	(562,459)
Administrative expense	(10,628)		(10,224)		(11,368)	(11,643)
Other	 (4,956)		(164,934)		(127,544)	 1,278
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	970,257		(149,342)		1,065,495	2,312,618
Beginning plan fiduciary net position	 13,307,671		14,277,928		14,128,586	15,194,081
Ending Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 14,277,928	\$	14,128,586	\$	15,194,081	\$ 17,506,699
Net Pension Asset	\$ (3,167,215)	\$	(2,420,091)	\$	(2,811,777)	\$ (4,053,790)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a						
Percentage of Total Pension Liability	128.51%		120.67%		122.71%	130.13%
Covered Payroll	\$ 4,466,334	\$	4,453,288	\$	4,663,957	\$ 4,751,762
Net Pension (Asset) as a Percentage						
of Covered Payroll	-70.91%		-54.34%		-60.29%	-85.31%

^{*}Only five years' of information is currently available. The County will build this schedule over the next five-year period.

Measurement Year*									
	2018								
\$	484,019								
	1,100,858								
	-								
	-								
	291,385								
	(705,932) 1,170,330								
	1,170,330								
	13,452,909								
\$	14,623,239								
	_								
\$	341,238								
Ψ	341,238								
	(325,076)								
	(705,932)								
	(13,870)								
	123,807 (238,595)								
	(238,595)								
	17,506,699								
\$	17,268,104								
\$	(2,644,865)								
	118.09%								
ø	4 074 021								
\$	4,874,831								

-54.26%

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

				Fiscal	Yea	r*		
		2014		2015		2016		2017
Actuarially determined contribution Contributions in relation to the actuarially	\$	108,636	\$	93,287	\$	80,247	\$	38,806
determined contribution	_	312,643	_	309,712	_	336,565	_	332,422
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	(204,007)	\$	(216,424)	\$	(256,318)	\$	(293,616)
Covered payroll	\$	4,466,334	\$	4,425,535	\$	4,809,035	\$	4,748,876
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		7.00%		7.00%		7.00%		7.00%

^{*}Only six years of information is currently available. The County will build this schedule over the next four-year period.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

Valuation Date: Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated each December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Fiscal Year*

2018	 2019
\$ 6,129	\$ -
\$ 323,508 (317,379)	\$ 330,570 (330,570)
\$ 4,622,077	\$ 4,722,419
7.00%	7.00%

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS TEXAS COUNTY AND DISTRICT RETIREMENT SYSTEM

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

		Year*		
		2017		2018
Total OPEB Liability		_		_
Service cost	\$	16,205	\$	16,388
Interest (on the total OPEB liability)		13,802		12,758
Changes of benefit terms		-		-
Difference between expected and actual experience		(23,727)		8,813
Change of assumptions		12,734		(35,228)
Benefit payments**		(12,830)		(14,137)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		6,184		(11,406)
Beginning total OPEB liability		355,296		361,480
Ending Total OPEB Liability	\$	361,480	\$	350,074
Covered Payroll	\$	4,751,762	\$	4,874,831
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage				
of Covered Payroll		7.61%		7.18%

^{*} Only two years of information is currently available. The County will build this schedule over the next eight-year period.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

Valuation Date:

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated on a calendar year basis as of December 31, two years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which the contributions are reported.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	4.10%
Mortality - service retirees	130% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 110% of the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.
Mortality - disabled retirees	130% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for males and 115% of the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table for females, both projected with 110% of the MP-2014 Ultimate scale after 2014.

Other Information:

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

The discount rate was based on 20 Year Bond GO Index published by bondbuyer.com as of the measurement date of December 31, 2018.

There were no benefit changes during the year.

^{**} Due to the GTLF being considered an unfunded OPEB plan under GASB 75, benefit payments are treated as being equal to the employer's yearly contributions for retirees.

COMBINING STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Sheriff's office fund accounts for revenues received by the Sheriff's office for participation in the seizure of property during criminal investigations. Funds are restricted for law enforcement purposes.

The law library fund accounts for the operation of a law library for use by members of the Texas Bar Association. Financing is provided from fees assessed in each civil case filed in County and District courts.

The juvenile probation fund accounts for fees received for juvenile probation.

The courthouse security fund accounts for funds received to be used for security of the courthouse.

The juvenile probation technology fund accounts for technology fees collected as a cost of court from defendants convicted of misdemeanor offenses. The funds may be used only to finance the purchase of technological enhancements for a justice court and are administered by the Commissioners' Court.

The juvenile probation restitution fund accounts for restitution received from juveniles.

The hotel/motel tax fund accounts for revenues generated from a hotel/motel occupancy tax and expenditures for improvements that serve the purpose of attracting visitors.

The County clerk records management fund accounts for revenues received from a special records management and preservation fee designated for records management and preservation services performed by the County clerk.

The District clerk records management fund accounts for revenues received from a special records management and preservation fee designated for records management and preservation services performed by the District clerk.

The District attorney fund accounts for revenues received from the State of Texas and fees collected in connection with processing checks issued or passed in violation of the Texas Penal Code. Fees deposited in this fund are used to defray expenses of the District attorney's office.

The 911 rural addressing fund accounts for funds received and expenses for 911 addressing and homeland security.

The County attorney fund accounts for fees collected in connection with processing checks issued or passed in violation of the Texas Penal Code. Fees deposited in this fund are used to defray expenses of the County attorney's office.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

The Hilltop Lakes security payroll fund accounts for payroll expenses for deputies at Hilltop Lakes.

The Area Agencies on Aging (AAA) senior services fund accounts for revenues and expenses for meals and senior services.

The capital expenditures fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to capital expenditures for the County.

The election administration fund accounts for County funds related to election activities.

The clinic fund accounts for County funds for the clinic.

The County veterans services fund accounts for County funds for benefits of veterans within the County.

The County and District clerk technology fund accounts for County funds for both clerks.

The Normangee Independent School District (ISD) security fund accounts for payroll expenses for deputies at Normangee ISD.

The Chapter 19 Election fund accounts for grant revenues received for election expenses.

The emergency management fund accounts for grant revenue.

The district attorney (DA) Victim Coordinator and Liaison Grant (VCLG) grant fund accounts for grant revenues received by the County.

The pretrial diversion fund accounts for grant revenue received for trials.

The county attorney (CA) VCLG grant fund accounts for grant revenues received by the County.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 1 of 3) September 30, 2019

				Special Re	venue F	unds		
		Sheriff's Office		Law Library		Juvenile Probation		urthouse ecurity
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	23,874	\$	32,628	\$	7,637	\$	2,567
Receivables		=		-		-		-
Prepaids	Φ.	-	Φ.	- 22 (20	Φ.	-	Ф	- 2.5.5
Total Assets	\$	23,874	\$	32,628	\$	7,637	\$	2,567
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	=	\$	267	\$	7,637	\$	2,567
Due to other funds		-		-		_		-
Due to others		-		-		-		-
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		-		267		7,637		2,567
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted:								
Law enforcement		23,874		32,361		-		-
Other purpose		-		-		-		-
Unassigned		-		-		_		-
Total Fund Balances		23,874		32,361		-		-
Total Liabilities and					·			
Fund Balances	\$	23.874	\$	32,628	\$	7,637	\$	2,567

Special Revenue Funds

JP T	JP Technology		Juvenile Probation Restitution		Hotel/Motel Tax		unty Clerk Records anagement	District Clerk Records Management			District Attorney
\$	26,270	\$	10,607	\$	335,014	\$	451,675	\$	47,259	\$	24,249
	-		-		24,455		-		-		-
Φ.	-	Φ.	10.607	Φ.	- 250 460	Φ.	-	Φ.	- 47.050	Φ.	1,835
\$	26,270	\$	10,607	\$	359,469	\$	451,675	\$	47,259	\$	26,084
\$	434	\$	_	\$	671	\$	9,265	\$	4	\$	10,246
	_	·	_	·	-	·	3,030	·	-		-
	-		361		-		-		-		-
			-								6,875
	434		361		671		12,295		4		17,121
	-		-		-		-		-		1,835
	25,836		10,246		-		-		-		-
	-		-		358,798		439,380		47,255		-
					-						7,128
	25,836		10,246		358,798		439,380		47,255		8,963
\$	26,270	\$	10,607	\$	359,469	\$	451,675	\$	47,259	\$	26,084

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 2 of 3) September 30, 2019

		Special Rev	venue Fu	nds		
	1 Rural	County ttorney	La Sec	lltop ikes urity yroll	AAA Senior Services	
<u>Assets</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ 8,182	\$	-	\$	-
Receivables	5,029	-		-		23,175
Prepaids	 -	 -		-		
Total Assets	\$ 5,029	\$ 8,182	\$		\$	23,175
<u>Liabilities</u>						
Accounts payable	\$ 1,643	\$ -	\$	-	\$	8,458
Due to other funds	3,386	-		-		14,717
Due to others	-	7,014		-		-
Unearned revenue		 				-
Total Liabilities	5,029	7,014		_		23,175
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable	-	-		-		-
Restricted:						
Law enforcement	-	_		-		-
Other purpose	-	_		-		-
Unassigned	-	1,168		-		-
Total Fund Balances	-	1,168				_
Total Liabilities and						
Fund Balances	\$ 5,029	\$ 8,182	\$		\$	23,175

Special Revenue Funds

Capital Expenditures			Election Administration				Vet	unty erans vices	Ι	unty and District Clerk chnology	Normangee ISE Security	
\$	- - 45 424	\$	- 10.922	\$	5,381	\$	8 -	\$	18,974 -	\$	-	
\$	45,434 45,434	\$	10,832 10,832	\$	5,381	\$	8	\$	18,974	\$		
\$	26,190 19,244	\$	2,277 8,555	\$	2,249 629	\$	8	\$	-	\$	-	
	- -		-		-		- -		5,833		-	
	45,434		10,832		2,878		8		5,833		-	
	-		-		-		-		-		-	
	- - -		- - -		2,503 2,503		- - -		13,141		- -	
\$	45,434	\$	10,832	\$	5,381	\$	8	\$	18,974	\$	-	

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 3 of 3) September 30, 2019

	Special Revenue Funds							
	Chapter 19 Election		Emergency Management		DA VCLG Grant		Pretrial Diversion	
Assets Cook and each againstants	\$	804	\$	17.017	\$	7.021	\$	147
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables	Ф	804	Ф	17,017	Ф	7,921 1,104	Ф	147
Prepaids		_		_		1,104		_
Total Assets	\$	804	\$	17,017	\$	9,025	\$	147
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Accounts payable	\$	804	\$	17,017	\$	1,419	\$	147
Due to other funds		-		-		7,606		-
Due to others		-		-		=		-
Unearned revenue								
Total Liabilities		804		17,017		9,025		147
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-
Restricted:								
Law enforcement		-		-		=		-
Other purpose		-		-		-		-
Unassigned						-		
Total Fund Balances		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities and								
Fund Balances	\$	804	\$	17,017	\$	9,025	\$	147

Special Revenue		
Fund		
		Total
CA]	Nonmajor
VCLG	Go	overnmental
Grant		Funds
\$ 74	\$	1,014,907
1,385		60,529
1,592		59,693
\$ 3,051	\$	1,135,129
\$ 81	\$	91,384
2,970		60,137
-		13,208
-		6,875
3,051		171,604
-		1,835
-		92,317
-		858,574
 		10,799
		963,525
\$ 3,051	\$	1,135,129

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 1 of 3)

	Special Revenue Funds							
		Sheriff's Office		Law Library	Juvenile Probation		Courthouse Security	
Revenues		_		_				<u> </u>
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Charges for services		-		-		-		16,235
Fines and forfeitures		-		11,515		-		-
Investment income		-		-		-		-
Other revenue				-		53,111		-
Total Revenues				11,515		53,111		16,235
Expenditures Current:								
General government		-		5,563		-		110,319
Judicial		2,386		-		97,177		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-
Capital Outlay						_		
Total Expenditures		2,386		5,563		97,177		110,319
Excess (Deficiency) of								
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(2,386)		5,952		(44,066)		(94,084)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		- (7.100)		-		54,225		94,192
Transfers (out)		(7,188)		-		-		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(7,188)				54,225		94,192
Net Change in Fund Balances		(9,574)		5,952		10,159		108
Beginning fund balances		33,448		26,409		(10,159)		(108)
Ending Fund Balances	\$	23,874	\$	32,361	\$		\$	

Special Revenue Funds

JP T	echnology	Juvenile Probation Restitution	Hotel/Motel Tax	County Clerk Records Management	District Clerk Records Management	District Attorney	
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	9,403	-	-	31,751	11,459	24,522	
	-	1,525	-	-	-	-	
	-	113	-	4,336	-	-	
			99,047	5	3		
	9,403	1,638	99,047	36,092	11,462	24,522	
	29,598	_	4,797	46,255	245	_	
	-	605	-	-	-	297,658	
	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-						
	29,598	605	4,797	46,255	245	297,658	
	(20,195)	1,033	94,250	(10,163)	11,217	(273,136)	
	-	-	-	-	-	288,143	
			(149,764)				
			(149,764)			288,143	
	(20,195)	1,033	(55,514)	(10,163)	11,217	15,007	
	46,031	9,213	414,312	449,543	36,038	(6,044)	
\$	25,836	\$ 10,246	\$ 358,798	\$ 439,380	\$ 47,255	\$ 8,963	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 2 of 3)

	Special Revenue Funds						
	911 Rural Addressing	County Attorney	Hilltop Lakes Security Payroll	AAA Senior Services			
Revenues Intergovernmental revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 157,732			
Charges for services	4,020	727	φ -	φ 137,732			
Fines and forfeitures	-,020	121	_	_			
Investment income	-	58	-	_			
Other revenue	20,265	-	_	-			
Total Revenues	24,285	785		157,732			
Expenditures Current:							
General government	50,210	_	2,475	264,430			
Judicial	-	-	-,	-			
Public safety	-	-	-	-			
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	2,936			
Total Expenditures	50,210	-	2,475	267,366			
Excess (Deficiency) of							
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(25,925)	785	(2,475)	(109,634)			
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	21,833	-	-	113,097			
Transfers (out)	(2,192)		(5,002)	(9,908)			
Total Other Financing							
Sources (Uses)	19,641		(5,002)	103,189			
Net Change in Fund Balances	(6,284)	785	(7,477)	(6,445)			
Beginning fund balances	6,284	383	7,477	6,445			
Ending Fund Balances	\$ -	\$ 1,168	\$ -	\$ -			

Special Revenue Funds

Capital Election Expenditures Administration		Clinic	Coun Veter Serv	nty ans	County and District Clerk Technology	Normangee ISD Security	
\$ -	\$ -	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$ -	
-	4,995		-	=	1,740	-	
-	-		-	-	-	-	
-	-	30,97	- 72	5,505	_	_	
	4,995	30,97		5,505	1,740		
96,512 - - - - 96,512	106,088	25,69 66,34	- - 91_	25,053	9,903 - - - - - 9,903	153 - - - 153	
(96,512)	(101,093)	(35,37)	71) (1	19,548)	(8,163)	(153)	
351,089	96,072	38,14	1 7	2,193	-	-	
(238,222)	<u> </u>	(2,93		<u> </u>			
112,867	96,072	35,21	11	2,193			
16,355	(5,021)	(16	50) (1	17,355)	(8,163)	(153)	
(16,355)	5,021	2,66	531	17,355	21,304	153	
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,50	93 \$	- \$	13,141	\$ -	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (page 3 of 3)

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Chapter 19 Election	Emergency Management	DA VCLG Grant	Pretrial Diversion		
Revenues						
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 3,788	\$ -	\$ 41,800	\$ 13,834		
Charges for services	-	-	-	-		
Fines and forfeitures	-	-	-	-		
Investment income	-	-	-	-		
Other revenue			-			
Total Revenues	3,788	5	41,800	13,834		
Expenditures Current:						
General government	3,788		46,432			
Judicial	3,700	-	40,432	13,840		
Public safety	-	98,299	-	13,640		
Capital Outlay	_	90,299	_	_		
Total Expenditures	3,788	98,299	46,432	13,840		
-	3,700	70,277	10,132	13,010		
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(98,294)	(4,632)	(6)		
Other Financing Sources (Uses) Transfers in	-	98,282	9,240	-		
Transfers (out)						
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		98,282	9,240			
Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(12)	4,608	(6)		
Beginning fund balances		12	(4,608)	6		
Ending Fund Balances	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		

Special Revenue Fund	
CA VCLG Grant	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ 1,386 - - - - 1,386	\$ 218,540 104,852 13,040 4,507 208,913 549,852
2,031	844,504 411,666 98,299 28,627 1,383,096
(645)	(833,244)
645	1,167,158 (415,212)
645	751,946 (81,298)
\$ -	1,044,823 \$ 963,525

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS

September 30, 2019

	Road and Bridge Precinct No. 1		Road and Bridge Precinct No. 2		Road and Bridge Precinct No. 3		Road and Bridge Precinct No. 4	
<u>Assets</u>			_				_	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 523,071	\$	133,812	\$	-	\$	101,584	
Investments	-		-		-		200,000	
Receivables, net	118,009		95,889		82,926		86,102	
Due from other funds	_		_		97,182		-	
Prepaids	_		42,791		-		27,396	
Total Assets	\$ 641,080	\$	272,492	\$	180,108	\$	415,082	
<u>Liabilities</u>								
Due to other funds	\$ -	\$	-	\$	90,500	\$	-	
Other liabilities	28,958		8,720		15,777		22,702	
Total Liabilities	28,958		8,720		106,277		22,702	
Deferred Inflows of Resources								
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	 104,416		85,373		73,831		75,834	
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable	-		42,791		-		27,396	
Restricted	507,706		135,608		_		289,150	
Total Fund Balances	507,706		178,399		-		316,546	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows								
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 641,080	\$	272,492	\$	180,108	\$	415,082	

		nterfund		Total	
Forestry		Activity	Road and		
Control	El	<u>imination</u>	Bı	ridge Funds	
		_			
\$ 5,508	\$	-	\$	763,975	
-		-		200,000	
-		-		382,926	
-		-		97,182	
 				70,187	
\$ 5,508	\$	-	\$	1,514,270	
\$ -	\$	_	\$	90,500	
 5,508				81,665	
 5,508		-		172,165	
		_		_	
				339,454	
-		-		70,187	
				932,464	
 				1,002,651	
\$ 5,508	\$	-	\$	1,514,270	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES ROAD AND BRIDGE FUNDS

	Road and Bridge Precinct No. 1		Road and Bridge Precinct No. 2		Road and Bridge Precinct No. 3		Road and Bridge ecinct No. 4
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$	615,298	\$	503,080	\$	435,069	\$ 446,871
Sales taxes		181,287		148,224		128,186	131,663
Investment income		-		-		-	2,193
Other revenue		58,969		37,530		71,405	 51,734
Total Revenues		855,554		688,834		634,660	632,461
Expenditures Current:							
Public transportation		1,155,698		718,764		661,365	576,030
Debt service:							
Principal		-		37,822		63,172	44,524
Interest and fiscal charges		-		4,969		12,219	3,819
Capital outlay				67,585	2,000		 112,340
Total Expenditures		1,155,698	829,140		738,756		 736,713
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures		(300,144)		(140,306)		(104,096)	(104,252)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Capital leases		-		-		_	104,650
Transfers in		250,000		250,000		347,182	250,000
Transfers (out)		(30,999)		(30,999)		(30,999)	(31,000)
Total Other Financing Sources		219,001		219,001		316,183	323,650
Net Change in Fund Balances		(81,143)		78,695		212,087	219,398
Beginning fund balances		588,849		99,704		(212,087)	97,148
Ending Fund Balances	\$	\$ 507,706		178,399	\$ -		\$ 316,546

Forestry Control		Interfund Activity Elimination	Total Road and idge Funds
\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,000,318 589,360
1:	- 33	-	2,193 219,771
	33	-	2,811,642
124,1	30	-	3,235,987
	_	-	145,518
	-	-	21,007
		_	181,925
124,1	30	-	 3,584,437
(123,9	97)		 (772,795)
123,9	- 97 -	- (123,997) 123,997	104,650 1,097,182
123,9	97	<u> </u>	1,201,832
	-	-	429,037
	<u> </u>		573,614
\$	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 1,002,651

(This page intentionally left blank.) 96

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SHERIFF'S OFFICE FUND

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Dovonuos	Original	Fillal	Amounts	(regative)	
Revenues Other revenue	\$ 250	\$ 250	\$ -	\$ (250)	
Total Revenues	250	250		(250)	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Judicial	1,500	3,386	2,386	1,000	
Total Expenditures	1,500	3,386	2,386	1,000	
(Deficiency) of					
Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(1,250)	(3,136)	(2,386)	750	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfer out		(15,625)	(7,188)	8,437	
Total Other Financing (Uses)		(15,625)	(7,188)	8,437	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (1,250)	\$ (18,761)	(9,574)	\$ 9,187	
Beginning fund balance			33,448		
Ending Fund Balance			\$ 23,874		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL LAW LIBRARY FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Fines and forfeitures	\$	6,500	\$	6,500	\$	11,515	\$	5,015
Total Revenues		6,500		6,500		11,515		5,015
Expenditures Current:								
General government		6,500		6,641		5,563		1,078
Total Expenditures		6,500		6,641		5,563		1,078
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$	(141)		5,952	\$	6,093
Beginning fund balance						26,409		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	32,361		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL JUVENILE PROBATION FUND

	Budgeted Original	Amounts Final	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
Revenues	Original	<u> </u>	- Amounts	(riegative)		
Other revenue	\$ -	\$ 25,481	\$ 53,111	\$ 27,630		
Total Revenues	-	25,481	53,111	27,630		
Expenditures						
Current:						
Judicial	51,105	125,503	97,177	28,326		
Total Expenditures	51,105	125,503	97,177	28,326		
(Deficiency) of						
Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(51,105)	(100,022)	(44,066)	55,956		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				(40.000)		
Transfers in	51,105	73,214	54,225	(18,989)		
Total Other Financing Sources	51,105	73,214	54,225	(18,989)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ (26,808)	10,159	\$ 36,967		
Beginning fund balance			(10,159)			
Ending Fund Balance			\$ -			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COURTHOUSE SECURITY FUND

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
n.		riginal	Final		Amounts		(Negative)		
Revenues	Φ	0.700	Φ	0.700	Ф	16.005	Φ	6.725	
Charges for services	\$	9,500	\$	9,500	\$	16,235	\$	6,735	
Total Revenues		9,500		9,500		16,235		6,735	
Expenditures Current:									
General government		112,443		116,511		110,319		6,192	
Total Expenditures		112,443		116,511		110,319		6,192	
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures		(102,943)		(107,011)		(94,084)		12,927	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers in		102,943		102,943		94,192		(8,751)	
Total Other Financing Sources		102,943		102,943		94,192		(8,751)	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	(4,068)		108	\$	4,176	
Beginning fund balance						(108)			
Ending Fund Balance					\$				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL JP TECHNOLOGY FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	7,750	\$	7,750	\$	9,403	\$	1,653
Total Revenues		7,750		7,750		9,403		1,653
Expenditures Current: General government		40,000		40,000		29,598		10,402
Total Expenditures		40,000		40,000		29,598	•	10,402
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(32,250)	\$	(32,250)		(20,195)	\$	12,055
Beginning fund balance						46,031		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	25,836		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL JUVENILE PROBATION RESTITUTION FUND

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues		8					. • 8 • • • • •
Fines and forfeitures	\$	3,400	\$	3,400	\$ 1,525	\$	(1,875)
Investment income		-		-	113		113
Total Revenues		3,400		3,400	1,638		(1,762)
Expenditures Current: Judicial Total Expenditures		3,400 3,400		3,400 3,400	605 605		2,795 2,795
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$		1,033	\$	1,033
Beginning fund balance					9,213		
Ending Fund Balance					\$ 10,246		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND

		Budgeted Original	Amo	unts Final	,	Actual Amounts	Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive (egative)
Revenues		Original		111111		mounts		egutive)
Other revenue	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	99,047	\$	49,047
Total Revenues	<u> </u>	50,000	<u> </u>	50,000		99,047	Ψ	49,047
Expenditures Current:								
General government		10,000		10,000		4,797		5,203
Total Expenditures		10,000		10,000		4,797		5,203
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		40,000		40,000		94,250		54,250
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers (out)		(149,764)		(149,764)		(149,764)		-
Total Other Financing (Uses)		(149,764)		(149,764)		(149,764)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(109,764)	\$	(109,764)		(55,514)	\$	54,250
Beginning fund balance						414,312		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	358,798		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY CLERK RECORDS MANAGEMENT FUND

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Fin	riance with nal Budget Positive
	 Original	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 37,000	\$	37,000	\$	31,751	\$	(5,249)
Investment income	1,400		1,400		4,336		2,936
Other revenue					5		5
Total Revenues	38,400		38,400		36,092		(2,308)
Expenditures							
Current:							
General government	97,628		97,628		46,255		51,373
Total Expenditures	 97,628		97,628		46,255		51,373
(Deficiency) of							
Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(59,228)		(59,228)		(10,163)		49,065
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	 (59,228)		(59,228)		-		59,228
Total Other Financing (Uses)	 (59,228)		(59,228)		-		59,228
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (118,456)	\$	(118,456)		(10,163)	\$	108,293
Beginning fund balance					449,543		
Ending Fund Balance				\$	439,380		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DISTRICT CLERK RECORDS MANAGEMENT FUND

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts		Actual	Fin:	iance with al Budget Positive
	 Priginal	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 7,000	\$	7,000	\$	11,459	\$	4,459
Other revenue	-		-		3		3
Total Revenues	7,000		7,000		11,462		4,462
Expenditures							
Current:	15 177		15 177		2.15		14.022
General government	 15,177		15,177		245		14,932
Total Expenditures	 15,177		15,177		245		14,932
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (8,177)	\$	(8,177)		11,217	\$	19,394
Beginning fund balance					36,038		
Ending Fund Balance				\$	47,255		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DISTRICT ATTORNEY FUND

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Amounts	(]	Negative)
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 59,200	\$	59,200	\$ 24,522	\$	(34,678)
Total Revenues	59,200		59,200	 24,522		(34,678)
<u>Expenditures</u>						
Current:	21 5 102		21 5 102	205.550		10.715
Judicial	 316,403		316,403	 297,658		18,745
Total Expenditures	316,403		316,403	 297,658		18,745
(Deficiency) of						
Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(257,203)		(257,203)	 (273,136)		(15,933)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	257,203		257,203	288,143		30,940
Total Other Financing Sources	257,203		257,203	288,143		30,940
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 	\$		15,007	\$	15,007
Beginning fund balance				 (6,044)		
Ending Fund Balance				\$ 8,963		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL 911 RURAL ADDRESSING FUND

	Budgeted	Amoi	unts		Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive
	 riginal	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 3,500	\$	3,500	\$	4,020	\$	520
Other revenue	20,625		20,625		20,265		(360)
Total Revenues	24,125		24,125		24,285		160
Expenditures Current:							
General government	51,412		51,412		50,210		1,202
Total Expenditures	51,412		51,412		50,210		1,202
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(27,287)		(27,287)		(25,925)		1,362
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	27,287		27,287		21,833		(5,454)
Transfers out			(2,192)		(2,192)		_
Total Other Financing Sources	27,287		25,095		19,641		(5,454)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	(2,192)		(6,284)	\$	(4,092)
Beginning fund balance					6,284		
Ending Fund Balance				\$			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY ATTORNEY FUND

	Budgeted ginal	nts	ctual 10unts	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues	8			(- 15)	5
Charges for services	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 727	\$	727
Investment income	 _	 	 58		58
Total Revenues	-	-	785		785
Expenditures Current: Judicial Total Expenditures	 <u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> -		<u>-</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	785	\$	785
Beginning fund balance			383		
Ending Fund Balance			\$ 1,168		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL HILLTOP LAKES SECURITY PAYROLL FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Expenditures					
Current:					
General government	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,475	\$ (2,475)	
Total Expenditures			2,475	(2,475)	
(Deficiency) of					
Revenues (Under) Expenditures		-	(2,475)	(2,475)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers out		(5,002)	(5,002)		
Total Other Financing Sources		(5,002)	(5,002)		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ (5,002)	(7,477)	\$ (2,475)	
Beginning fund balance			7,477		
Ending Fund Balance			\$ -		

$SCHEDULE\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENDITURES,\ AND$ $CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ BALANCE\ -\ BUDGET\ AND\ ACTUAL$

AAA SENIOR SERVICES FUND

		d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovernmental revenue	\$ 88,017	\$ 88,017	\$ 157,732	\$ 69,715
Total Revenues	88,017	88,017	157,732	69,715
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	262,189	264,430	264,430	-
Capital:				
Capital outlay	30,000	2,936	2,936	<u> </u>
Total Expenditures	292,189	267,366	267,366	
(Deficiency) of				
Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(204,172)	(179,349)	(109,634)	69,715
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	204,172	204,172	113,097	(91,075)
Transfers (out)	· -	(9,908)	(9,908)	-
Total Other Financing Sources	204,172	194,264	103,189	(91,075)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ 14,915	(6,445)	\$ (21,360)
Beginning fund balance			6,445	
Ending Fund Balance			\$ -	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL EXPENDITURES FUND

	 Budgeted	Amo	ounts		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Amounts		(Negative)	
Expenditures	 _		_		_		
Current:							
General government	\$ 675,000	\$	675,000	\$	96,512	\$	578,488
Total Expenditures	675,000		675,000		96,512		578,488
(Deficiency) of							
Revenues (Under) Expenditures	 (675,000)		(675,000)		(96,512)		578,488
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	1,125,000		1,125,000		351,089		(773,911)
Transfers (out)	(450,000)		(450,000)		(238,222)		211,778
Total Other Financing Sources	675,000		675,000		112,867		(562,133)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ <u>-</u>	\$			16,355	\$	16,355
Beginning fund balance					(16,355)		
Ending Fund Balance				\$			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL ELECTION ADMINISTRATION FUND

	 Budgeted	Amo		Actual	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 10,000	\$	10,000	\$ 4,995	\$	(5,005)
Total Revenues	 10,000		10,000	 4,995		(5,005)
Expenditures Current:						
General government	138,264		138,264	 106,088		32,176
Total Expenditures	 138,264		138,264	 106,088		32,176
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(128,264)		(128,264)	 (101,093)		27,171
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	128,264		128,264	96,072		(32,192)
Total Other Financing Sources	128,264		128,264	96,072		(32,192)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>	(5,021)	\$	(5,021)
Beginning fund balance				 5,021		
Ending Fund Balance				\$ 		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CLINIC FUND

		l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Other revenue	\$ 15,500	\$ 15,500	\$ 30,972	\$ 15,472
Total Revenues	15,500	15,500	30,972	15,472
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government	59,416	59,416	40,652	18,764
Capital Outlay	-	27,064	25,691	1,373
Total Expenditures	59,416	86,480	66,343	20,137
_				
(Deficiency) of				
Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(43,916)	(70,980)	(35,371)	35,609
`				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	43,916	43,916	38,147	(5,769)
Transfers (out)	-	(2,936)	(2,936)	-
Total Other Financing Sources	43,916	40,980	35,211	(5,769)
				(= ,)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ (30,000)	(160)	\$ 29,840
		+ (00,000)	()	
Beginning fund balance			2,663	
Ending Fund Balance			\$ 2,503	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY VETERANS SERVICE FUND

		l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
D.	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues Other revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,505	\$ 5,505
Total Revenues		-	5,505	5,505
Expenditures Current:	45.504	27.700	27.272	0.455
General government	15,784	27,530	25,053	2,477
Total Expenditures	15,784	27,530	25,053	2,477
(Deficiency) of Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(15,784)	(27,530)	(19,548)	7,982
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	8,784	8,784	2,193	(6,591)
Total Other Financing Sources	8,784	8,784	2,193	(6,591)
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (7,000)	\$ (18,746)	(17,355)	\$ 1,391
Beginning fund balance			17,355	
Ending Fund Balance			\$ -	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL COUNTY AND DISTRICT CLERK TECHNOLOGY FUND

	<u>O</u> 1	Budgeted riginal	l Amoı	ınts Final	=	Actual mounts	Fin:	iance with al Budget Positive regative)
Revenues								
Charges for services	\$	3,200	\$	3,200	\$	1,740	\$	(1,460)
Total Revenues		3,200		3,200		1,740		(1,460)
Expenditures Current:								
General government		3,200		9,903		9,903		-
Total Expenditures		3,200		9,903		9,903		_
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$	(6,703)		(8,163)	\$	(1,460)
Beginning fund balance						21,304		
Ending Fund Balance					\$	13,141		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CHAPTER 19 ELECTION FUND

		Budgeted	l Amou	nts	A	Actual	Fina	ance with I Budget ositive
	Or	riginal		Final	Aı	nounts	(Ne	gative)
Revenues								
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	4,300	\$	4,300	\$	3,788	\$	(512)
Total Revenues		4,300		4,300		3,788		(512)
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		4,300		4,300		3,788		512
Total Expenditures		4,300		4,300		3,788		512
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfer (out)		-		(425)		-		425
Total Other Financing (Uses)				(425)		-		425
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$	(425)		-	\$	425
Beginning fund balance								
Ending Fund Balance					\$			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT FUND

	Budgetee	d Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive	
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)	
Revenues					
Other revenue	\$ 900	\$ 900	\$ 5	\$ (895)	
Total Revenues	900	900	5	(895)	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Public safety	80,319	102,966	98,299	4,667	
Total Expenditures	80,319	102,966	98,299	4,667	
(Deficiency) of					
Revenues (Under) Expenditures	(79,419)	(102,066)	(98,294)	3,772	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	79,419	79,419	98,282	18,863	
Total Other Financing Sources	79,419	79,419	98,282	18,863	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ (22,647)	(12)	\$ 22,635	
Beginning fund balance			12		
Ending Fund Balance			\$ -		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL DA VCLG GRANT FUND

		Budgeted	l Amoi			Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive
	O	riginal	Final		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues								
Intergovenmental revenue	\$	41,800	\$	41,800	\$	41,800	\$	-
Total Revenues		41,800		41,800		41,800		-
Expenditures Current:								
General government		46,114		46,432		46,432		-
Total Expenditures		46,114		46,432		46,432		
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$		\$	(318)		4,608	\$	4,926
Beginning fund balance						(4,608)		
Ending Fund Balance					\$			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL PRETRIAL DIVERSION FUND

	 Budgeted	l Amou	_		Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive
	 riginal	<u>Final</u>		Amounts		(Negative)	
Revenues							
Intergovenmental revenue	\$ 14,048	\$	14,048	\$	13,834	\$	(214)
Total Revenues	14,048		14,048		13,834		(214)
Expenditures Current:							
Judicial	14,048		14,262		13,840		422
Total Expenditures	14,048		14,262		13,840		422
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 	\$	(214)		(6)	\$	208
Beginning fund balance					6		
Ending Fund Balance				\$			

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CA VCLG GRANT FUND

		l Amounts	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Amounts	(Negative)
Revenues				
Intergovenmental revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,386	\$ 1,386
Total Revenues			1,386	1,386
Expenditures				
Current:				
General government		2,031	2,031	
Total Expenditures		2,031	2,031	
(Deficiency) of				
Revenues (Under) Expenditures		(2,031)	(645)	1,386
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	_	-	645	645
Total Other Financing Sources	-	_	645	645
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ (2,031)	-	\$ 2,031
Beginning fund balance				
Ending Fund Balance			\$ -	

AGENCY FUNDS

For the Year Ended September 30, 2019

The personal bond fund accounts for assets held by the County as an agent for other governments, courts, or individuals.

The non-County funded fund accounts for assets held by the County as an agent for other governments, courts, or individuals.

The juvenile probation grant R accounts for assets held by the County as an agent for the juvenile probation department.

The juvenile probation grant A accounts for assets held by the County as an agent for the juvenile probation department.

The juvenile probation title IV-E accounts for assets held by the County as an agent for the juvenile probation department.

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS

September 30, 2019

	Personal Bond	1 012 000110		Juvenile Probation Grant A	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 40,701	\$ 3,271,820	\$ -	\$ 14,780	
Total Assets	\$ 40,701	\$ 3,271,820	\$ -	\$ 14,780	
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,642	
Due to others	40,701	3,271,820	-	138	
Total Liabilities	\$ 40,701	\$ 3,271,820	\$ -	\$ 14,780	

Pı	uvenile obation tle IV-E		Total Agency Funds
\$	30,426 30,426	<u>\$</u>	3,357,727 3,357,727
\$	30,426	\$	14,642 3,343,085
\$	30,426	\$	3,357,727

(This page intentionally left blank.) 124